

User Guide

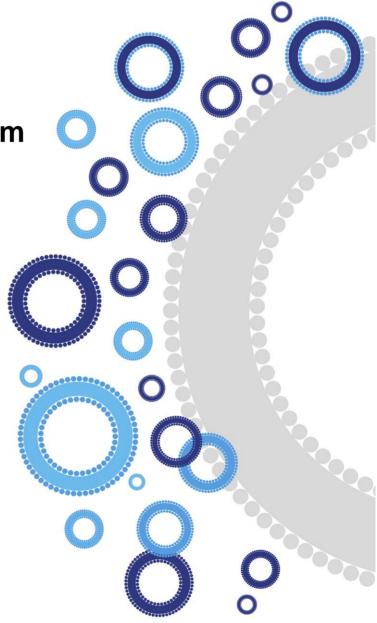
CD81 ExoLISA

Exosome Detection System

Europium time-resolved immunofluorescence assay for detection of exosome antigens

Cat EX503

Protocol Version 1.2



USER GUIDE

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CD81 ExoLISA Exosome Detection System

Storage

- Store all components at 4°C.
- The kit has a shelf life of at least three months from receipt.

Product components

- 1 x Streptavidin-coated 96-well plate (8-well strip format)
- 1 x Technical positive control, lyophilized, 25 µg.
- 1 x Eu-labeled CD81 mAb (in 40 μl TSA buffer), 2.75 μg
- 1 x Biotinylated CD81 mAb (in 22 μ l PBS 7.4 pH, 15 mM NaN₃), 22 μ g
 - The CD81 antibody used in the kit is human specific.
- 1 x Assay buffer, 22 ml
- 1 x Europium fluorescence intensifier (EFI Solution), 11 ml
- 1 x 25x wash buffer, 20 ml
- 1 x User Guide

Equipment and materials required but not supplied with this kit

- Time-resolved fluorescence microplate reader
- Automatic plate washer
- Plate shaker
- Pipettes for dispensing reagents
- Multichannel micropipette reservoir
- Distilled / Milli-Q water
- Phosphate buffered saline (PBS)

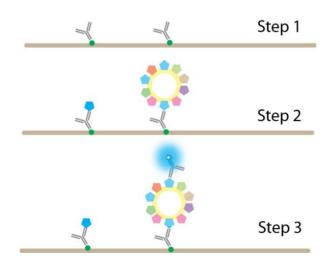
Product information

Introduction and assay principle

In the ExoLISA exosome assay, the same antibody is used for binding of target to the assay plate and for detection. The assay consists of a monoclonal antibody (labelled with biotin) bound to a streptavidin-coated plate which captures protein present on the surface of exosomes (Figure 1). Subsequently, an identical monoclonal antibody (labelled with europium) is used for detection. Because the capture and detection antibody are identical, they require two linked copies of the same epitope for a signal to be detected. Exosomes provide an ideal structure to link CD81 molecules and allow detection of CD81 in this assay. Exosomes typically have multiple copies of CD81 facing towards the attachment surface and additional CD81 molecules available for detection. Any non-specific binding of capture and detection antibodies is unlikely to generate a signal. Using a europium fluorophore (see below) provides high levels of sensitivity for the assay, which is able to detect small changes in the abundance of the target CD81 protein even within unpurified complex biological samples, such as blood plasma and cerebral spinal fluid.

Fluorophores are chemical substances that emit light following excitation by light or other electromagnetic radiation. The emission of light from a fluorophore is maximal immediately following excitation and decays over a period of time. Time-resolved fluorimetry uses fluorophores which have long decay periods. For such fluorophores, measurement of emitted light can be performed when the excitation light is no longer present, thus increasing sensitivity.

Europium is a fluorophore which produces an extended emission decay and has a wide Stokes shift with maximal excitation at 340 nm and peak emission at 615 nm. ExoLISA assays are time-resolved immunofluorescence assays which utilize europium and have been developed to measure the abundance of CD81 protein specifically associated with exosomes in biological fluids including urine, saliva, cell culture medium, cerebral spinal fluid and blood plasma.



Step 1. Biotinylated antibody is bound to streptavidin-coated assay plates.

Step 2. Biological samples are added. Exosomes and any free antigen are captured by the antibody.

Step 3. Europium-labeled antibody is added and binds specifically to exosome antigen. The epitopes of bound monomers are already occupied and not detected. Samples are read in a time-resolved fluorescence plate reader.



General note

The technical positive control provided with the kit can be used to verify that adequate technical and handling procedures have been conducted and a signal can be detected at the end of the protocol. The provided technical positive control cannot be used to generate a quantification curve for directly quantifying exosomes. Extracellular vesicles of different origin have different CD81 prevalence on their surface.

If absolute quantification is required, an internal quantification curve can be obtained for each population of exosomes studied by correlating CD81 ExoLISA signal intensity with Nanoparticle Tracking Analysis (NTA) measurements at different concentrations of purified exosomes.

Reagent preparation

- Preparation of the wash buffer: Dilute the wash buffer concentrate 25x in Milli-Q water (20 ml concentrate in 500 ml Milli-Q water). The diluted solution may then be stored at room temperature.
- Preparation of the biotin CD81 in assay buffer: [Dilutions should be made on the day the assay is performed]. Briefly centrifuge the vial containing the antibody to gather all the liquid at the base of the vial. Prepare a ~2 ng/µl working solution of biotinylated Ab, by diluting 22 µl (22 µg) in 11 ml of assay buffer.
- Preparation of the europium CD81 in assay buffer: [Dilutions should be made on the day the assay is performed]. Briefly centrifuge the vial containing the antibody to gather all the liquid at the base of the vial. Prepare a ~0.25 ng/μl working solution of Eu-labeled CD81 mAb, by diluting 40 μl (2.75 μg) in 11 ml of assay buffer.

Technical positive control preparation

- 1. 25 μg of exosomes have been purified from cell culture and their total protein concentration determined by BCA assay. The 25 μg of exosomes are lyophilized and need to be reconstituted with 250 μl of Milli-Q water to generate a final concentration of **100 μg/ml.**
- 2. Prepare 7 microcentrifuge tubes, each with 125 µl of PBS.
- Prepare 8 serial dilutions as shown in the table below. Ensure that samples are properly mixed in each tube.
 We recommend beginning with a concentration of 100 µg/mL as this will ensure

We recommend beginning with a concentration of 100 μ g/ml, as this will ensure that the most diluted sample is within the limit of detection of the assay.

Technical positive control #	Exosomes	Diluted in PBS (µl)	Exosome concentration (125 µl solution)
1	25 μg (resuspended in 250 uL MQ water)	0	100 µg/ml
2	125 µl of Tube #1	125	50 µg/ml
3	125 µl of Tube #2	125	25 µg/ml
4	125 µl of Tube #3	125	12.5 µg/ml
5	125 µl of Tube #4	125	6.3 µg/ml
6	125 µl of Tube #5	125	3.1 µg/ml
7	125 µl of Tube #6	125	1.6 µg/ml
8	125 µl of Tube #7	125	0.8 µg/ml

See example assay reading on page 9.

Protocol

Coat the wells with CD81 capture antibody

- 1. Add 100 μl of the freshly prepared dilute solution (2 ng/μl) of biotin-CD81 antibody (prepared as described above) to each well.
- 2. Incubate the plate for 1 hour at room temperature on a plate shaker at 750 RPM.
- 3. Wash the plate using an automatic plate washer. Wash each well three times using 250 µl wash buffer for each cycle.
- 4. Remove the remaining wash buffer.

Add the sample

- 5. Clear cells and cellular debris from test samples by centrifuging at 3,000 x g for 20 minutes.
- 6. Transfer 100 µl of the test sample supernatant to each well. Use 100 µl of PBS instead of sample in order to generate a blank reading.
- 7. Incubate the plate for 1 hour at room temperature on the plate shaker at 750 RPM.
- 8. Wash the plate using an automatic plate washer. Wash each well three times using 250 µl wash buffer each time.
- 9. Carefully aspirate the remaining wash buffer.

Add the europium-labeled CD81 detection antibody

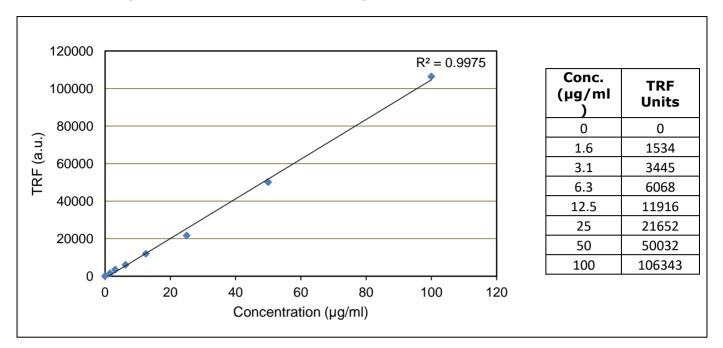
- 10. Add 100 µl per well of the freshly prepared Eu-labeled CD81 antibody dilution (prepared as described above).
- 11. Incubate the plate for 1 hour at room temperature on the plate shaker at 750 RPM.
- 12. Wash the plate using an automatic plate washer. Wash each well three times using 250 µl wash buffer each time.
- 13. Carefully aspirate the remaining wash buffer.

Signal enhancement and reading

- 14. Add 100 µl of EFI solution to each well.
- 15. Incubate the plate for 15 minutes at room temperature on the plate shaker at 750 RPM.
- 16. Measure fluorescence on a time-resolved fluorescence microplate reader as shown on the table below. Measurements should be performed in triplicate. Before taking the readings, make sure that the plate reader is set to read the fluorescence at the bottom of the plate. *Please check plate reader manual for optimum value of this variable for reading Europium fluorescence.

	Time resolved fluorescence (TRF)		
Optic settings	Filters	Excitation: 340 nm Emission: 615 nm	
General settings	Number of flashes	200 with flash lamp	
	Settling time	0.1 - 0.3 s*	
	Integration start/lag time	60 - 200 µs*	
	Integration time	400 µs	

Table 2. Instrument settings



Technical positive control example

Figure 2. Example readings obtained using the ExoLISA exosome assay with the provided technical control sample (exosomes purified from cell culture). Note the linearity of response over a wide range of concentrations.

Related products

Related products	Product description	Product code
Exosome purification	Exo-spin™ purification kit	EX01, EX02, EX03, EX04, EX05, EX07
Nanoparticle Tracking Analysis (NTA) size profiling service	ZetaView NTA Particle Analysis Service	ZV-1 and ZV-12

Exo-spin[™] purification kit

The Exo-spin[™] technology combines precipitation and size exclusion chromatography techniques, making it a superior method for exosome separation and concentration, allowing for high specificity and high recovery of exosomes. Exo-spin[™] is available in 5 different configurations represented with catalogue codes EX01, EX02, EX03, EX04, EX05, and EX07; specifically designed and optimized for different sample types and downstream applications.

NTA size profiling service

Exosome characterization service for analysis of particle size and particle concentration using the ZetaView instrument from Particle Metrix.

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Purchaser Notification

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